CREATIVE BIOMART®
Assay Kit

dCK Screening Assay Kit

Product Information

Cat

Kit-0879

Common Name

dCK

Cat.No. Kit-0879

Product Overview

dCK Assay Kit was specially designed to follow the enzymatic activity of purified deoxycytidine kinase (dCK, EC 2.7.1.74) in vitro. This user manual gives the instructions for standard assays in 96-well plate.
The principle of the assay is based on the use of deoxyinosine (dIR) as a substrate of dCK and a coupled reaction involving a highly active IMPDH (Inosine Monophosphate Dehydrogenase, bacterial recombinant) for a direct measurement of the deoxyinosine monophosphate (dIMP) formed by dCK.
(1) In the presence of dIR and ATP, dCK catalyses the phosphorylation of dIR to form dIMP and ADP.
(2) The dIMP formed is then oxidized to deoxyxanthosine monophosphate (dXMP) by IMPDH in the presence of NAD, leading to NADH2 formation.
This coupling reaction is immediate when IMPDH activity is much higher than dCK activity in the assay. The enzymatic activity of dCK, which corresponds to the formation kinetics of dIMP, is then stoichiometrically and directly monitored by the formation kinetics of NADH2.
The velocity of NADH2 formation is measured with a spectrophotometer at 340nm (molar extinction coefficient of NADH2 at 340nm = 6220 M-1.cm-1).

Description

Human deoxycytidine kinase enzyme has a broad substrate specificity and provides the phosphorylation of purine/pyrimidine deoxynucleosides and pyrimidine ribonucleosides. Deoxycytidine kinase is critical for phosphorylation of cytidine analogs and provides first steps of activation of highly effective anti-cancer prodrugs, such as aracytidine, gemcitabine and cladribine.

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Storage

dCK Screening Assay Kit must be stored at -20°C until used.

Size

1 plate (96 assays)

Kit Components

A standard dCK Screening Assay Kit (one 96-well plate) contains:
1. one tube "IMPDH";
2. one tube "Cofactor 1";
3. one tube "Cofactor 2";
4. one tube "Cofactor 3";
5. one vial "Reaction Buffer 5x";
6. one tube "Deoxyinosine";
7. one tube "Human dCK enzyme", 100mU;
8. Transparent 96-well plate.

Materials Required but Not Supplied

1) Plate agitator
2) Plate reader fitted with a filter 340nm.

Assay Protocol

Experimental Protocol I - for non-nucleoside dCK inhibitors
Important: Spin all tubes before solubilizing.
1. Reconstitute IMPDH enzyme
Add 250μL of deionized water to "IMPDH" tube. Agitate gently until complete dissolution of the powder.
2. Preparation of standard reaction buffer (1x)
i) Add the content of "Reaction Buffer 5x" tube (4ml) to 16ml of deionized water to prepare "Reaction Buffer 1x".
ii) Transfer quantitatively the content of 2 tubes with "Cofactor 1" and "Cofactor 2" to the tube with "Reaction buffer 1x".

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To do so:
iii) –Add 1ml of "Reaction buffer 1x" to each tube with cofactors and mix them by inverting or pipeting up and down until the powder dissolved.
iv) - transfer by pipetting the content of two tubes back into a vial "Reaction buffer 1x";
v) - repeat to be sure that all reagent and enzymes of the small tubes and vial are recovered. Mix by gently inverting until complete dissolution. Avoid bubbles.
vi) Transfer quantitatively the content of "IMPDH" tube to "Reaction buffer 1x" with co-factors.
vii) Add 200μL of deionized water to "Cofactor 3" tube (ATP). Agitate until dissolved. Take off 20μL of thus prepared ATP
solution to "Reaction buffer 1x" already containing Cofactor 1, Cofactor 2, and IMPDH.
viii) Solubilize the content of "Human dCK enzyme" tube by adding 1ml of complete "Reaction buffer 1x" with cofactors and IMPDH, transfer by pipeting the content of the tube back into a vial "Reaction buffer 1x".
Composition of complete reaction buffer: 100mM Tris-HCl, 250mM KCl, 10mM MgCl2, BSA 0.5mg/ml, 5mM DTT, 5mM NAD, 250μM ATP, IMPDH 50mU/ml, human recombinant dCK 5mU/ml.
3. Preparation of deoxyinosine solution for starting the reaction
Add 960μl of deionized water to "Deoxyinosine" tube and mix by inverting. 1ml of 20mM dIR solution is obtained.

Following dCK activity in vitro
1. Pre-incubation phase (15')
i) Program the plate-reader in a kinetics mode with the measurements done every 1 minutes, absorbance at 340 nm, 37°C, agitation before the kinetics for 1 min, duration time 15min.
ii) Add 200μL of standard reaction buffer per well.
iii) Agitate and measure absorbance at 340nm (A340). Record this first set of data.
2. Start the reaction and incubate (40')
i) Eject the plate from the plate-reader.
ii) Program the plate-reader in a kinetics mode with the measurements done every 1 minutes, absorbance at 340 nm, 37°C, agitation before the kinetics for 1 min, duration time 30-40min.
iii) Start the reaction by adding 10μL of 20mM of "Deoxyinosine" per well (1mM dIR final

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concentration).
iv) Place the plate in the plate-reader and start the measurements. Record second set of data.

Experimental Protocol II- for nucleoside analogues dCK inhibitors
Important: Spin all tubes before solubilizing.
1. Reconstitute IMPDH enzyme
Add 250μL of deionized water to "IMPDH" tube. Agitate gently until complete dissolution of the powder.
2. Preparation of standard reaction buffer (1x)
i) Add the content of "Reaction Buffer 5x" tube (4ml) to 16ml of deionized water to prepare "Reaction Buffer 1x".
ii) Transfer quantitatively the content of 2 tubes with "Cofactor 1", "Cofactor 2" to the tube with "Reaction buffer 1x".
Important: Do not add "Cofactor 3" (ATP)!
To do so:
iii) -pipet 1ml of "Reaction buffer 1x" to each tube with cofactors and mix them by inverting or pipeting up and down until the powder dissolved.
iv) - transfer by pipeting the content of two tubes back into a vial "Reaction buffer 1x";
v) - repeat to be sure that all reagent and enzymes of the small tubes and vial are recovered. Mix by gently inverting until complete dissolution. Avoid bubbles.
vi) Transfer quantitatively the content of "IMPDH" tube to "Reaction buffer 1x" with co-factors.
vii) Add 1ml of "Reaction buffer 1x" to "Deoxyinosine" tube and transfer the solution back to "Reaction buffer 1x" already containing Cofactor 1, Cofactor 2, and IMPDH.
viii) Solubilize the content of "Human dCK enzyme" tube by adding 1ml of complete "Reaction buffer 1x" with cofactors and IMPDH, transfer by pipeting the content of the tube back into a vial "Reaction buffer 1x".
Composition of complete reaction buffer: 100mM Tris-HCl, 250mM KCl, 10mM MgCl2, BSA 0.5mg/ml, 5mM DTT, 5mM NAD, 1mM deoxyinosine, IMPDH 50mU/ml; human recombinant dCK 5mU/ml.
3. Preparation of ATP solution for starting the reaction
Add 1ml of deionized water to the tube "Cofactor 3" containing 30mg of ATP powder. Mix until

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dissolved. 50mM ATP solution is obtained.

Following dCK activity in vitro
1. Pre-incubation phase (15')
i) Program the plate-reader in a kinetics mode with measurements done every 1 minutes, absorbance at 340 nm, 37°C,
agitation before the kinetics for 1 min, duration time 15min.
ii) Add 200μL of standard reaction buffer per well.
iii) Agitate and measure absorbance at 340nm (A340). Record this first set of data.
2. Start the reaction and incubate (40')
i) Eject the plate from the plate-reader
ii) Program the plate-reader in a kinetics mode with shaking for 1min and the measurements done every 1 minutes, absorbance at 340 nm, 37°C, agitation before the kinetics for 1 min, duration time 60min.
iii) Start the reaction by adding 10μL of 50mM ATP per well (2.5mM ATP final concentration).
iv) Place the plate in the plate-reader and start the measurements. Record second set of data.